





ALIGNMENT CHART
RESTORATIVE PRACTICES IN SCHOOLS

Second Step® Programs for Early Learning-Grade 8

☐ SECOND STEP® ELEMENTARY DIGITAL PROGRAM

Second Step programs and restorative practices in schools share the common goals of supporting the safety, well-being, and success of students by developing positive relationships, fostering school connectedness, and building social-emotional competencies. This document outlines the alignment between the programs and practices.

Restorative Practices in Schools

Restorative practices are a schoolwide approach to creating a positive school climate that's based on building, maintaining, and restoring relationships in the school community. Restorative practices include restorative justice, an approach to wrongdoing and harmful behavior based on repairing the harm that has been done and restoring relationships. Restorative justice includes the active participation of all involved—students, school staff,

and (where appropriate) family members—in resolving the wrongdoings or conflict and restoring a sense of community. Being able to demonstrate relationship-building actions and respond to restorative questions is important for all involved in restorative practices. For more information about restorative practices, see page 5.

Second Step® Programs

Second Step programs are research-based programs for Early Learning through Grade 8 students. The programs are designed to promote school success, school connectedness, and a safe, respectful school climate, while also addressing problem behaviors. They do this by teaching self-regulation and social-emotional skills and by addressing bullying and unsafe behaviors. Second Step programs are developmental and sequential, building on skills and gradually becoming more complex as students get older. The programs provide clear schoolwide norms for prosocial behavior (behavior intended to help others).

		Second Step® Unit Topics for Student Lessons
evel	Early Learning	Skills for Learning, Empathy, Emotion Management, Friendship Skills, Problem-Solving, and Child Protection*
de L	K-Grade 5	Growth Mindset & Goal-Setting, Emotion Management, Empathy & Kindness, Problem-Solving, Bullying Prevention*, and Child Protection*
Gra	Grades 6-8	Mindsets & Goals; Recognizing Bullying & Harassment; Thoughts, Emotions & Decisions; and Managing Relationships & Social Conflicts

*Units sold separately





Second Step® Programs for Early Learning-Grade 8

School Staff (All Grades)

One of the core components of Second Step programs is that staff model all program skills, remind students to use them, and notice and reinforce skill use in students. All staff are encouraged to do this, whether teaching Second Step lessons or not.

Families (All Grades)

Weekly family communications encourage dialogue and engagement between adult family members and students, inform adults about the skills taught in Second Step programs, and give students and adults opportunities to discuss the skills at home.

		Second Step® Skills and Concepts for Early Learning-Grade 5																								
	5 Se P:	econd Step° rograms	Respect	Safety			th Mindal-Sett	dset 8			Emot lanage	ion		E	Empat Kindı	thy &	_	Problem-Solving						Bullying Prevention	Child Protection	
Alignment of Second Step® Programs and Restorative Practices			Respectful behaviors emphasized at all grade levels	Safe behaviors emphasized at all grade levels	Pay attention and ignore distractions	Persevere through challenges	Understand that the brain can grow and change	Improve skills through practice and effort	Set goals and make plans to reach a goal	Identify and understand one's own emotions	Recognize and identify emotions in others	Recognize strong emotions	Manage strong emotions	Recognize kindness and act kindly toward others	Develop empathy for others	Take others' perspectives	Act with empathy	Manage strong emotions and feel calm before solving problems	Describe the problem	Identify the needs and wants of those involved	Think of many solutions to a problem	Explore the outcomes of solutions	Pick the best solution	Recognize, refuse, and report bullying; be a supportive bystander	Recognize, refuse, and report unsafe and sexually abusive situations and touches	
		Create trust	V	V	~	_	2 0,				V	_	_	V	~	~	/	V	_			_	_	~	~ ·	
	ding	Demonstrate empathy									~			~	~	~	~							~	V	
	ns -ing	Be respectful	V	~	~								/	/		~		/								
	nship-B Actions	Use active listening			~																					
	Relationship-Building Actions	Use affective statements								/		~	/		~			/	/	_						
	Re	Show care and concern	V	~	~					V	~	V		~	~	~	~			-				~		
	storative Structures	Community-building circles: all students and a teacher in a classroom	·	~	~					~	~	~	~	/	~	~	~									
		Impromptu restorative conversations: student(s) and teacher	v	~	~					•	~	~	•	~	~	~	~	~	•	~	~	~	~			
actices		Restorative justice circles: students, school staff, and family members	~	~	~					~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	•	•	~	~	~	~			
Restorative Prac	Rest	Reentry circles: students, school staff, and family members	~	~						•	•	~	~	~	~	~	•		•	~	~					
estor	e c	Identify who has been harmed and how								~	~	~			~	~			~					~	~	
<u></u>	Justi	Repair the harm	V	V						~	~	~		~	~	~	~				~	~	~	~		
	rative	Restore relationships	V	~						~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~			~	~	~			
	Restorative Justice Principles	Engage all parties in resolving conflict or addressing wrongdoing																	~	~	~	~	~			
	v	What happened from your perspective?																	~	~						
	stion	How were you feeling?								~		~							~	~						
) Que	What were you thinking?								~		~							~	~						
	rative	Who has been affected by what happened, and how?									~				~	~	~		~	~				~		
	Restorative Questions	What needs to be done to make things as right as possible?	~	•							•			•	•	•	•	~	~	•	~	~	•			

Second Step Programs
Alignment of Second Step Programs of Restorative

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Alignment of Second Step® Programs and Restorative Practices			Mindsets & Goals					Re	cognizi	ing Bull	ying &	Harassm	nent	Thou 8	Managing Relationships & Social Conflict																
			Recognize that social challenges are common and get better in time	Understand that the brain can grow and change	Set personal goals and create plans to achieve them	Determine how to adjust and persist after making a mistake	Apply personal strengths to develop an interest or get better at something new	Recognize common types of bullying and harassment	Understand the negative impacts of bullying and harassment	Determine the best upstander strategy for a situation	Understand students' responsibility to create a positive school climate	Recognize how social and environmental factors contribute to bullying and harassment in their school	Prepare to take action to disrupt factors that contribute to bullying and harassment at school	Understand how emotions influence decision-making in positive and negative ways	Recognize and reframe unhelpful thoughts	Recognize the signs of stress and anxiety	Apply stress- and emotion- management strategies	Recognize how conflicts escalate	Describe the different perspectives of the people involved in a conflict	Apply the four-step conflict- resolution process	Identify ways to make amends	Recognize the signs of healthy and unhealthy relationships									
	D	Create trust						•	•		•		/				•	~	•	•	~	•									
	ilding	Demonstrate empathy						~	~		/		~					•	~	/	~	~									
	p-Bu	Be respectful						~			~		~					/	~	~	~	✓									
	nship-B Actions	Use active listening																	~	~		~									
	Relationship-Building Actions	Use affective statements												✓					✓	~		~									
	~	Show care and concern						~	~	~	~	✓	~						~	~	~	•									
	storative Structures	Community-building circles: all students and a teacher in a classroom	•	~		~		~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~		~		~	~	~	~									
		Impromptu restorative conversations: student(s) and teacher												~	~		•		•	•	•										
actices		Restorative justice circles: students, school staff, and family members												•	~		•		•	~	•										
Restorative Pr	Re	Reentry circles: students, school staff, and family members												~	•		•		•	•	•										
Resto	tice	Identify who has been harmed and how						✓	~	✓		•	~					~	✓	✓	/	✓									
	e Jus	Repair the harm										•	/								~										
	rativ	Restore relationships											~								~										
	Restorative Justice Principles	Enage all parties in resolving conflict or addressing wrongdoing																~	~	~											
	SL	What happened from your perspective?																	~	~											
	stior	How were you feeling?												~			~		~	~											
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	orative	Who has been affected by what happened , and how?										~	~					~	~	~	•	✓									
	Restorative Questions	What needs to be done to make things as right as possible?											•						•	•	•										



Alignment of Second Step® Programs and Restorative Practices

Typical Restorative Practices

Relationship-Building Actions

- Create trust
- Demonstrate empathy
- Be respectful

- Use active listening
- Use affective statements
- Show care and concern

Restorative Structures

- Community-building circles
- Impromptu conversations to address minor problem behaviors
- Restorative justice circles (repairing harm circles) to address wrongdoing or repair harm; these circles often include family members
- Reentry circles for students returning from truancy, suspension, or incarceration

Restorative Justice Principles

- · Identify who has been harmed and how
- Repair the harm
- Restore relationships
- Engage all parties in resolving conflict or addressing wrongdoing

Restorative Questions to Guide the Restorative Justice Process

- What happened from your perspective?
- How were you feeling?
- What were you thinking?

- Who has been affected by what happened, and how?
- What needs to be done to make things as right as possible?